

Disadvantaged Funding 2018-19

Action plan and review process

Disadvantaged pupils Statement

Mission Statement

Grow, Learn, Serve and Pray in a Catholic Community inspired by the Gospel message, enabling all to realise their unique hopes and potential.

We do this by:

Celebrating achievement and effort

Helping others through our charity work

Respecting each other, being polite, thoughtful and forgiving when necessary

Including and welcoming all, especially when praying and worshipping together

Safeguarding our school community so all feel valued and cared for

Teaching the knowledge, skills and values which develop the whole person

All of our pupils at Christ the King have the capacity to succeed and our role is to ensure success for everyone regardless of background.

Raising the attainment of disadvantaged pupils is central to our moral purpose. We see every disadvantaged child as an individual, each with their own set of challenges, talents and interests.

We seek to:

- Explore the challenges our pupils face
- Use an individualised approach to addressing barriers
- Ensure our staff know the context of every pupil they teach and strive to remove the barriers they face

The Government believes that disadvantaged pupil funding, which is additional to main school funding, is the best way to address the current underlying differences between children eligible for free school meals (FSM) and their peers by ensuring that funding to tackle disadvantage reaches the pupils who need it most.

The Pupil Premium was introduced in April 2011 and is allocated to school to work with pupils who have been registered for free school meals at any point in the last six years. Schools also receive funding for children who have been looked after continuously for more than six months, and children of service personnel. The Education Funding Agency set the following Disadvantaged rates for the 2018-19 academic year:

Pupils in years 7 to 11 recorded as Ever 6 FSM	£ 935
Looked-after children	£ 2300
Children who have ceased to be looked after by a local authority	£ 2300
Pupils recorded as 'Ever 6 Service Child"	£ 300

For the 2018 academic year Christ the King are estimating the following Disadvantaged funding:

	Number of students eligible (as of September 2018)	% of year group
Year 7	55	31%
Year 8	49	28%
Year 9	48	28%
Year 10	51	28%
Year 11	41	23%
	Whole school	28%
	Total estimated = £221580	

Deciding on our 2018-19 Budgeted Disadvantaged Spend

At CTK we are very much aware of an ever growing body of evidence documenting 'best practice' surrounding the use of Disadvantaged. We have also developed our own approach to the Disadvantaged since its inception in April 2011. There is a growing body of evidence both within our own community and the wide education world on the use of the Pupil Premium. Therefore, for 2018-19, we are planning, budgeting, reviewing and then measuring the **impact** of our allocation.

Firstly, we continue to access the growing body of evidence provided by the Education Endowment Foundation and other research toolkits:

<https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit>.

https://www.kelsi.org.uk/_data/assets/pdf_file/0017/65402/RSC-SESL-Toolkit-Improving-Outcomes-for-Disadvantaged-Pupils.pdf

<https://johndunfordconsulting.co.uk/2014/10/11/ten-point-plan-for-spending-the-pupil-premium-successfully/>

Secondly, we have reviewed documents from the DfE and OFSTED:

- 'The Pupil Premium, How schools are spending the funding successfully to maximise achievement. OFSTED (2013)
- 'The Pupil Premium, How schools are using the Pupil Premium to raise achievement for disadvantaged pupils. 'OFSTED (2012).
- 'Evaluation of Pupil Premium Research Report', Department for Education, (July 2013)
- 'The Pupil Premium: an update', Ofsted July 2014
- 'Supporting the attainment of disadvantaged pupils: articulating success an good practice', Department for Education (Nov 2015)

Thirdly, we increasingly compare our experiences to other similar schools:

<https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/resources/families-of-schools-database/christ-the-king-catholic-high-school-and-sixth-form-centre-pr8-4ex/>

<http://www.pupilpremiumawards.co.uk/ppawards2017/en/page/home>

To this end we have taken the best practice advice on pupil premium spending, investing the majority of our funding into continuing to **improve the quality of teaching and learning** at CTK.

The large impact a good teacher can make on a pupil's academic outcome is now well established (Aaronson, Barrow, and Sander, 2007, Rivkin Hanushek and Kain, 2005 Rivkin et al. 2005 and Rockoff 2004). This is especially true for pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds: one year under the supervision of an excellent teacher is worth 1.5 years' of learning compared to 0.5 years with poorly performing teachers. In other words, for poor pupils the difference between an excellent and a bad teacher is a whole year's learning. (Hanushek, 1992)



What are the most effective ways to support disadvantaged pupils' achievement?



Research undertaken by NFER has identified seven building blocks that are common in schools which are more successful in raising disadvantaged pupils' attainment.

1. Whole-school ethos of attainment for all: Schools have an ethos of high attainment for all pupils and avoid stereotyping disadvantaged pupils as all facing similar barriers or having less potential to succeed.



2. Addressing behaviour and attendance: Schools ensure effective behaviour strategies are in place, respond quickly to poor attendance and provide strong social and emotional support, including through working with families.



3. High quality teaching for all: Schools emphasise 'quality teaching first' and provide consistently high standards by setting expectations, monitoring performance and sharing best practice.



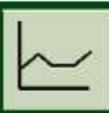
4. Meeting individual learning needs: Staff identify each pupil's challenges and interests. They seek the best strategies to help each pupil make the next step in his or her learning. Schools provide individual support for specific learning needs and group support for pupils with similar needs.



5. Deploying staff effectively: Schools devolve responsibility to frontline staff, use their best teachers to work with pupils who need the most support and train teaching assistants to support pupils' learning.



6. Data driven and responding to evidence: Teachers use data to identify pupils' learning needs, review progress every few weeks and address underperformance quickly. They have manageable Assessment for Learning systems, which provide clear feedback for pupils. Schools use evidence to make decisions about their support strategies.

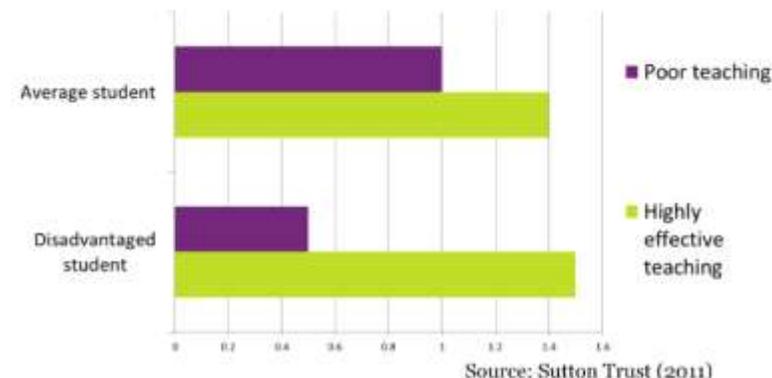


7. Clear, responsive leadership: Senior leaders set ever higher aspirations and lead by example. They hold all staff accountable for raising attainment, rather than accepting low aspirations and variable performance. They share their thinking and invest in staff training.



Why improve teaching?

Effect of teaching on students in years of progress



Deciding on our 2018-19 Budgeted Disadvantaged Spend

At CTK we are very much aware of an ever growing body of evidence documenting 'best practice' surrounding the use of Disadvantaged. Therefore, we have revised, for 2018-19, the ways in which we are planning, budgeting, reviewing and then measuring the impact of our allocation. In the first instance we continue to access the growing body of evidence provided by the EEF (updated August 2018):

Intervention	Cost	Impact	Update since 2017
Paired or small group tuition	£££	4 months	
Feedback	£	8 months	
One to one tuition	££££	5 months	
Metacognition and self-regulation	£	7 months	Decrease 1 month
Collaborative learning	£	5 months	
Peer to peer learning/peer tutoring	£	5 months	
Social and emotional learning	£££	4 months	
Reducing class size	££££	3 months	
Teaching Assistants	££££	1 month	
Extra curricular activities (sports/arts)	££	2 months	
Behaviour interventions	£££	3 months	
Reading comprehension strategies	£	6 months	Increase 1 month
Phonics	£	4 months	
Parental involvement	£££	3 months	
Speaking and Listening/ Oral interventions	£	5 months	
Mastery Learning	£	5 months	New addition
Homework	£	5 months	New addition
Summer school	£	2 months	New addition
Within class setting/ grouping	£	3 months	New addition

Additional strategies as evidenced in DfE/ nfer/ Ofsted/ best practice research include-

- Financial support for resources
- Attendance interventions
- Transition support
- Numeracy interventions
- Aspiration interventions
- Collaboration with other schools
- Mentoring/ Personalised Learning plans

This evidence base has allowed us to formulate a set of principles to guide our use of the Disadvantaged funding:

- We will ensure that Disadvantaged funding is spent on the target group.
- We are aware that within our target group there are a diverse range of needs – both existing and emerging.
- We will maintain high expectations of the target group.
- We will thoroughly analyse which pupils are under-achieving and endeavour to work out why.
- We will use evidence to allocate funding to big-impact strategies.
- We will be relentless in **our pursuit of high quality teaching**, not interventions to compensate poor teaching.
- We will use achievement data to check interventions are effective and make adjustments where necessary.
- We will have a senior leader with oversight of how Disadvantage funding is being spent.
- We will ensure that teachers know which pupils eligible for Disadvantaged funding
- We will endeavour to demonstrate impact.
- We will have a named governor who will oversee and challenge our use of the Disadvantaged funding.

In a relentless drive to deliver and highlight impact we have extended and enhanced our checking procedures. The budget and review process operates through a thorough checking and analysis process that involves a Senior Leader and a named governor with responsibility for Disadvantaged pupils.

What are the main barriers faced by our disadvantaged pupils at CTK?

It is important to recognise that each pupil is unique and that their journey through secondary school life can create a range of issues and needs. At Christ the King we believe that every student's needs should be addressed on an individual basis and we will respond accordingly. We have identified a number of issues relating specifically to our pupils that are barriers to allowing good progress. They are;

1. **Literacy and Numeracy skills**- Our disadvantaged pupils on average have lower KS2 SAT scaled scores in all areas. Reading average of all disadvantaged pupils is 101.6 compared to 104.1 non disadvantaged and Maths scaled average of all disadvantaged scores is 101.4 compared to 105 for non-disadvantaged pupils.
2. **Organisation of pupils**- bringing correct equipment to school, knowing what homework needs to be completed and by when. We have addressed this through our Academic Coaching Team.
3. The ability of students to **access an environment within their home that is conducive to learning**. This has been addressed in school by the availability of such an area in terms of homework club and the Academic Coaching facility, providing computers and study materials and a study environment regularly before school, during lunchtime and after school.
4. Our disadvantaged pupils **often lack vision and aspiration**. This creates a barrier that must be overcome and as such our Pastoral Teams, Form Tutors, Academic Coaches, Learning Mentors and Pastoral Support Staff work with these pupils to enable them to recognise the need for a positive attitude to learning. More recently we have utilised external agencies and providers to develop this area further.
5. **Attendance**. Our disadvantaged pupil attendance is lower than our other pupils. We have addressed this through the appointment of our Attendance and Welfare officer and part time EWO who keeps a track of attendance. Once issues are identified they are raised within Pastoral and Senior Pastoral meetings. We then respond accordingly. Responses include Attendance Panels, meetings with parents, home visits and ultimately the use of the Fixed Penalty Notice for attendance.

We recognise that our disadvantaged pupil cohort has a diverse range of aspirations, prior attainment and individual needs. Our robust monitoring system and daily communications allow us to identify additional individual needs and barriers to learning and these are addressed constantly and consistently within school.

Number of PP pupils	Number of PP who also have SEN/Inc	Number of PP who have High Prior Attainment	Number of PP who also have EAL
Year 7 : 55	6/	Tbc	2
Year 8: 49	9/2	8	3
Year 9: 48	5/10	12	3
Year 10: 51	5/6	8	4
Year 11: 41	1/6	5	3

Core Targets for 2018-19

At the heart of everything that we do is quality first teaching and learning. We do not want our interventions to be required to make up for anything less than quality teaching and learning. Therefore, a significant amount of our budget is aimed at teaching and learning.

By continuing our relentless drive to maintain and improve the quality of teaching and learning we expect to further improve the outcomes of all the students at CTK, this will be demonstrated through our 'headline' figures. We aim to identify skills gaps, and address them, as early as possible. Therefore, during the 2018-19 academic year we will increase, even more, our provision and interventions (when needed) at Key Stage 3.

We aim to reduce the gap between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged with regard to:

1. Progress 8 measures relative to National data
2. Attainment 8 measures relative to National data
3. Percentage of students entered and gaining the EBacc*
4. Attendance data including Persistent Absenteeism between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged
5. Destination measures including NEET figures
6. Achievement in all subjects at Key Stage 3

Whilst at the same time improving the overall performance of all of our pupils.

How we Measure the Impact- Review and Tracking process

- We fully appreciate that no single intervention provides a complete solution to the complex educational issues in any school and it is therefore important that we operate a multi-faceted approach. However, we do believe that one key to the narrowing of any difference in attainment is the careful and thorough monitoring and tracking of individual pupils. At CTK this is done on a regular basis by our teaching staff.
- At a strategic level our disadvantaged spending and impact are monitored and challenged by a named governor.
- Progress checks form the basis of many of our conversations surrounding the impact of our Disadvantaged spending. As a minimum, however, we operate on the following assumptions, when monitoring and tracking the impact of our Disadvantaged spending:
- This action and spending plan will be reviewed in October 2018

Day to Day / short term	Medium Term	Longer Term
<p>Regular monitoring of pupil progress in all lessons by all teaching staff using formative assessment, progress checks and quality first teaching strategies.</p> <p>Form tutor monitor pupil organisation, attendance, punctuality and well being on daily basis.</p> <p>PLUTO used to report attendance and behaviour issues which are tracked daily by HOY and SLT.</p> <p>Non teaching staff monitor and track individual pupils on a daily basis.</p> <p>Pastoral briefings with HoY and form tutors take place twice a week to identify pupil concerns</p> <p>Behaviour briefing (all staff) once a week identifies pupils of concern and strategies in place</p> <p>SEN bulletin (all staff) with pupil updates and identification of strategies (fortnightly)</p> <p>Pastoral assistants review attendance data every two weeks</p>	<p>Progress Checks are collected across the school in line with the assessment calendar.</p> <p>Assessment cycle analysis is completed by every class teacher after every assessment with a specific focus on Disadvantaged pupils.</p> <p>All HODs receive reports and progress and attainment of Disadvantaged pupils after every Assessment cycle. (Matrix)</p> <p>AHT and AC Coaches review ACA to identify barriers to learning.</p> <p>Subject specific review meetings with subject leaders, AHT, HoY and AC coach review progress of Disadvantaged pupils after every assessment cycle.</p> <p>Senior pastoral meetings every half term to review and monitor individual pupils</p> <p>Attainment and Progress reports are shared at Governors termly committee meetings</p> <p>HOY and AHT review ATL scores, attendance and punctuality after every assessment cycle</p>	<p>AHT draw up plans from shared strategic vision with HT.</p> <p>AHTs track and monitor national trends and developments to measure and inform interventions at CTK</p> <p>Effective strategies built into annual CPD programme (AHT)</p> <p>SDP informs department and faculty DP which then, in turn, inform budget plans and proposed interventions.</p> <p>Mid-year and full subject reviews of data and interventions to support disadvantaged (AHT/ HT)</p> <p>Governors agree and review action and spending plan annually</p> <p>Annual report published on website</p>

Outcome of Pupil Premium Review December 2017

Conclusions	Areas for development
<p>The school has done a lot of work in the area of improving the performance of disadvantaged pupils. The strategies it has for spending the Pupil Premium funding appear to be appropriate and well-focused – they clearly had an impact on last year’s leavers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Positive strategies improved the attendance of last year’s Leavers and the 2017 GCSE results were positive.• Key staff, (eg Pupil Premium lead) are having a very positive effect in terms of raising the profile of the disadvantaged and working very hard to improve all their outcomes. 2017 results were the first ‘visible’ example of the positive impact of that work.• The school has identified Mathematics as the main area for improvement and the new Head of Mathematics has very quickly analysed the areas for improvement and has excellent strategies for bringing it about. I would expect to see a visible impact of this work from 2018 GCSE results onwards.• The school has done a complete review of attendance improvement strategies and made some key appointments. This clearly had an impact on last year’s leavers and I would expect to see improvements in overall school attendance in 2017-2018.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The school should look closely at the role of Head of Year 7 and consider how research is done in the primary schools before the pupils start at Christ the King.• The Head of Year 7 has a crucial role to play in terms of preparing colleagues to deal with likely issues around attendance, barriers to learning and progress and likely intervention needs, including those of disadvantaged pupils.• In addition, the school should debate the role of Heads of Year and whether they have a role to play in improving the progress of their pupils. This would enable all Heads of Year to be able to monitor all aspects of the progress of disadvantaged pupils, and with the access to families they build up over time, could help the school to bridge the gap in progress.• Recent strategies used to bring about improvements to attendance (ie Year 11 pupils in 2016-2017) should be extended to ensure improved attendance overall in 2017-2018.• At every level of accountability, it is crucial that GAP analysis has a clear focus on disadvantaged pupils. Every teacher and every leader should have this as a priority.• The school needs to ensure consistency when overviewing progress. Senior Leaders must ensure consistency in such areas as internal assessments, target setting and estimates of performance at GCSE.

Pupil premium strategy statement (secondary)

1. Summary information					
School	Christ the King Catholic High School				
Academic Year	2018/19	Total PP budget	£221580	Date of most recent PP Review	Dec 17
Total number of pupils	1127	Number of pupils eligible for PP	244	Date for next internal review of this strategy	Oct 18

2. Current attainment				
	Pupils eligible for PP (your school) 2017	Pupils not eligible for PP (national average) 2017	Pupils eligible for PP (your school) 2018	Pupils not eligible for PP (national average) 2018
% achieving grade 4/5 in both English and Maths	34%/ 20.45%	71%/ 49%	42%/ 25%	72%/50%
Progress 8 in English / Maths	-0.4/-0.9	0.1/ 0.1	-0.65/-1.02	0.11/0.12
Progress 8 score average	-0.20	0.1	-0.91	0.13
Attainment 8 score average	40	50	33.75	49.96
Attendance	91.8%	95.3%	92.3%	95.6%
Persistent Absence	27.1	8.7	29	9.3%

3. Barriers to future attainment (for pupils eligible for PP)	
In-school barriers (<i>issues to be addressed in school, such as poor literacy skills</i>)	
A.	Literacy and Numeracy skills
B.	Attitude to Learning and aspirations
C.	Organisation of pupils
External barriers (<i>issues which also require action outside school, such as low attendance rates</i>)	
D.	Attendance rates including persistent absence
4. Desired outcomes (<i>desired outcomes and how they will be measured</i>)	
Success criteria	

A.	High levels of progress in literacy and numeracy for pupils in Key Stage 3 and improved outcomes at the end of Key Stage 4 in all subjects especially English and Mathematics Increase in number of pupils entered and achieving EBacc group of subjects	Accelerated progress of PP pupils in targeted literacy and numeracy intervention Accelerated progress of PP pupils in accelerated reader assessment All PP pupils to make at least expected progress in English and Mathematics Increase in number of PP pupils choosing EBacc subjects Increase in number of High ability PP pupils meeting and exceeding their targets
B.	Raised aspirations and positive attitude to learning of all PP pupils in all year groups Positive uptake of pupils accessing The Edge activities (character education) in Year 7 and 8	Improved ATL scores of all PP pupils after every assessment Improved attendance of all PP pupils-tracked every 4 weeks All PP pupils making at least expected progress in all subjects Increase in number of PP pupils choosing Ebacc subjects Vast majority of PP pupils completing at least 5 Edge activities in Year 7 and 8
C.	PP pupils are well organised and well equipped in all lessons and have the necessary support to complete homework, coursework and revision for all subjects	All PP making at least expected progress in all subjects Improved IL scores of all PP pupils after every assessment
D.	Increased attendance rates and reduce persistent absences for PP pupils	Reduce the number of PA among PP pupils Improve attendance rates for PP pupils to be in line with “other” pupils.

5. Planned expenditure

Academic year

2018/19

The three headings below enable schools to demonstrate how they are using the Pupil Premium to improve classroom pedagogy, provide targeted support and support whole school strategies.

i. Quality of teaching for all

Desired outcome	Chosen action / approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?
A. High levels of progress of disadvantaged pupils by developing high quality teaching and learning strategies	<p>Improved feedback in lessons</p> <p>Greater use of collaborative learning and peer to peer learning strategies</p> <p>Use of seating plans to enhance learning</p> <p>Greater use of meta cognition, problem solving and independent learning strategies- INSET focus 18/19</p> <p>New scheme of work for Learn2 Learn guidance lessons</p> <p>Use of study skills seminars to support independent learning</p> <p>Support from external agencies to develop best practice</p>	<p>NFER emphasises “quality first teaching” as one building block for raising achievement in the most effective schools.</p> <p>EEF teacher toolkit identifies high quality feedback in lessons (8 months impact), collaborative learning and peer to peer learning (5 months impact), meta cognition (8 months impact), Mastery (5 months impact) with small cost.</p> <p>These strategies are ongoing whole school development areas and has been the focus of internal INSET days and internal marketplace activities and weekly gems.</p> <p>Ofsted (2017) highlighted stretch and challenge as an</p>	<p>Evidence of feedback in external and internal work scrutiny</p> <p>Sefton advisor support (AG) for departmental work scrutiny</p> <p>Evidence of verbal feedback and these strategies in lesson observations and learning walks</p> <p>Focus of QA documentation</p> <p>Strategic marketplace focus scheduled in the calendar and delivered and accessed by all staff.</p> <p>Improvement plans in place to support specific departments or individual members of</p>	PJG/ MO Teaching and Learning team	February 2019 following lesson obs/ learning walks and work scrutiny

	<p>Use of metacognition and memory techniques- INSET focus 18/19</p> <p>Use of Mastery learning strategies especially in Mathematics</p> <p>Use of knowledge organisers and knowledge retrieval techniques- INSET focus 18/19</p> <p>Use of thinking hard/ stretch and challenge resources – INSET focus 18/19</p>	<p>area of inconsistency and use of meta- cognition, problem solving and independent learning strategies will support development in this area.</p> <p>Reasoning and Mastery focus for Maths based on NW Maths Hub research (National project)</p>	<p>staff which are monitored regularly</p> <p>Meta-cognition and memory strategies highlighted at Year 10 and 11 information evenings for parents and during extended form time for pupils during exam periods</p>		
<p>A. Developing clear identification and monitoring strategies to ensure high levels of progress of disadvantaged pupils</p>	<p>Development of Pupil Profile in Pluto for all staff to use</p> <p>Use of assessment cycle analysis to identify individual pupils and barriers to learning</p> <p>Use of form tutors to support individual pupils</p> <p>Focus of subject review meetings</p> <p>Focus of English/ Maths subject meetings</p> <p>Use of seating plans to enhance learning</p>	<p>NFER identify “Meeting individual learning needs” by “staff identify pupil’s challenges and interests” as a major building block to support disadvantaged achievement.</p> <p>Identification of barriers and intervention will inform lesson planning to support high quality teaching and learning.</p> <p>Best practice examples from Ofsted/ DfE highlight use of seating plans to seat disadvantaged pupils next to</p>	<p>Monitoring of quality of assessment cycle analysis by SLT</p> <p>Monitoring of seating plans during lesson observations and learning walks</p> <p>Scrutiny of progress of disadvantaged pupils at subject review meetings</p>	<p>MO NDM</p>	<p>After each assessment cycle</p>

		pupils who will enhance their learning			
A. Improved Literacy progress in Key Stage 3	<p>CPD for all staff delivering Accelerated Reader</p> <p>Change in curriculum plan to deliver Accelerated Reader in Year 7 and 8</p> <p>Use of key skills classes to identify and address gaps</p> <p>Development and implementation of a Summer school for disadvantaged pupils with focus on literacy and numeracy</p>	<p>Accelerated reader is highly recommended by several outstanding schools.</p> <p>EEF toolkit identifies Reading comprehension strategies and Speaking and Listening/ oral interventions as having 5 months impact with low cost.</p> <p>Utilising the one Literacy lesson a fortnight for accelerated reader allows more meaningful use of pupil and teacher time which can be measured.</p> <p>Pupil Premium case studies identify summer schools as an effective strategy to close gaps and engage with parents</p>	<p>Monitoring of progress by Literacy coordinator</p> <p>Continued support/ training for staff delivering</p> <p>Use of experienced staff to deliver the programmes</p> <p>Ensure staff have time plan and organise programmes</p> <p>QA of Accelerated reader lessons by AHT</p> <p>QA of key skills lessons by AHT</p> <p>MO to liaise with transition coordinator to ensure smooth implementation of summer school</p>	(AB) MD MO	January 2019

Total budgeted cost					£14,600
Targeted support					
Desired outcome	Chosen action / approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?
A. Improved literacy and numeracy levels of disadvantaged pupils	<p>Reading recovery programme, Symphony and Rapid Plus implemented for pupils in Key Stage 3</p> <p>1 to 1 Literacy support for targeted pupils</p> <p>1 to 1 EAL support for targeted pupils</p> <p>Lexia reading and spelling programme used for targeted pupils</p> <p>Implementation of PiXL CODE Phonics and Reading programme for SEN pupils</p> <p>Additional assessments completed by Sefton Inclusion consultant</p>	<p>EEF toolkit identifies Reading comprehension strategies and Speaking and Listening/ oral interventions as having 5 months impact with low cost.</p> <p>NFER state that the most effective schools provide individual support for specific learning needs and group support for pupils with similar needs</p> <p>EEF toolkit identifies 1 to 1 tuition as having high impact (although costly) on progress (5 months).</p>	<p>Monitoring of progress data by Literacy coordinator</p> <p>Continued support/ training for staff delivering the programmes</p> <p>Use of experienced staff to deliver the programmes</p> <p>Ensure staff have time plan and organise programmes</p> <p>Monitoring of progress data by SENCO</p> <p>Monitoring of progress data by subject leaders (English/ Maths) of KS4 pupils</p>	(AB) MO MS	January 2019

	<p>1 to 1 tuition in English and Maths for KS4 pupils</p> <p>Use of Twinkl resources for Maths intervention</p> <p>Use of key skills lessons to address gaps</p>		<p>Monitoring of attendance of pupils in 1 to 1 by Heads of Year</p> <p>QA of key skills lessons by AHT</p>		
<p>A. Improved outcomes for disadvantaged pupils in English and Mathematics</p>	<p>Intervention classes timetabled for targeted pupils in Key Stage 4 in English and Mathematics</p> <p>Curriculum modification for pupils who are underachieving</p> <p>SEN support and Core support option for KS4 pupils</p> <p>Timetabled key skills classes for targeted pupils with specific focus on Numeracy and Literacy</p> <p>Intervention classes timetabled in English and Mathematics for Year 9 pupils in summer term</p> <p>Use of 6th form mentors to support High ability pupils in Year 7 and 8</p>	<p>NFER state that the most effective schools provide individual support for specific learning needs and group support for pupils with similar needs</p> <p>EEF toolkit identifies Reading comprehension strategies and Speaking and Listening/ oral interventions as having 5 months impact with low cost.</p>	<p>Monitoring of progress data by subject leaders (English/ Maths) of KS4 pupils</p> <p>Monitoring of progress of pupils in intervention classes by subject leaders</p> <p>Monitoring of progress data of pupils in key skills classes</p> <p>Subject review meetings used to identify pupils of concern who may require intervention</p>	<p>MO (AB)</p>	<p>After each assessment cycle</p>
<p>B. Increased attendance rates and reduce persistent</p>	<p>Restructure pastoral support team to create a dedicated attendance officer</p> <p>Employ EWO for 2 days a week</p>	<p>Highlighted by Ofsted (September 2017) as an area for development.</p>	<p>RW to monitor on weekly basis</p> <p>Monthly meetings will monitor attendance and</p>	<p>RW MO AA</p>	<p>Monthly review</p>

<p>absences for PP pupils</p>	<p>Home visits for targeted pupils First day response provision Support non teacher to specifically monitor and support disadvantaged pupils attendance and PA Non teacher to develop stronger links with parents and aim to reduce barriers of those hard to reach Monthly meetings with key staff (attendance officer, SLT, support lead, academic coaches) Rewards used for motivation- text, postcards, celebration lunch Curriculum modification to support some pupils to attend.</p>	<p>Strong correlation between attendance and achievement across all year groups. NFER state that addressing attendance and working with families is one effective step to supporting achievement. There is a strong correlation between attendance of disadvantaged pupils and parental engagement.</p>	<p>measure impact of key staff in place. Subject review meetings will monitor all disadvantaged pupils and identify main barriers to learning. Letters sent home to parents about attendance Use of Sefton to escalate concerns when necessary Support non teacher, attendance officer, EWO and academic coach to investigate barriers and support individual pupils Attendance officer to produce monthly attendance data drops which will be reported at governors and SLT</p>		
<p>C Disadvantaged Pupils are well organised and equipped and utilise extracurricular and enrichment activities</p>	<p>Academic coaching for targeted pupils at KS4 Mentoring for targeted pupils at KS3 and KS4 SLT mentoring for targeted pupils</p>	<p>EEF research suggests that the use of mentoring and personalised plans has positive impact on pupils. NFER identify providing strong social and emotional</p>	<p>Weekly meeting with coach and MO to discuss individual pupils Targeted pupils to be a fluid group resulting</p>	<p>MO</p>	<p>Half termly review of targeted pupils</p>

to enhance their learning	Use of teachers to mentor/coach Use of Sixth form pupils to support targeted pupils with reading and Maths Support from form tutors and pastoral team to organise targeted pupils HoY to attend subject reviews	support as an effective way to support achievement.	from progress data and reviewed after every assessment cycle HoY input into progress and engagement Scrutiny of assessment cycle analysis to monitor organisation of pupils		
Total budgeted cost					£208,000
ii. Other approaches					
Desired outcome	Chosen action / approach	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review implementation?
B Increase in pupil engagement and attitude to learning	Development of new behaviour code of conduct Modification of new rewards and sanctions system Launch of Pixl Edge Rewards for participation in revision Use of Maximising Potential to raise aspirations in Year 11 Use of Maximising Potential master class for High ability PP pupils Use of Skills4Life, Sefton Add action, Amy Winehouse	School data 2016-18 suggests that there is a strong correlation between underachievement and low attendance and attitude to learning levels. NFER and EEF toolkit identify behaviour intervention as a successful strategy to improving achievement.	Form tutors checking code of conduct cards Monitoring of ATL scores by AHT Increase uptake to revision classes will confirm pupil engagement Use of pupil voice to assess whether careers provision is effective and whether pupils are aiming high. Pixl Edge to be monitored by AHT	NOH MO	After every assessment cycle

	<p>Programme for targeted pupils</p> <p>Use of Unlocking Potential programme to raise aspiration of targeted group</p> <p>Use of alternative curriculum to raise aspiration of individual pupils</p> <p>Use of Unifrog and external agencies to support careers provision</p> <p>Careers advisor to prioritise disadvantaged pupils and support from an early age</p> <p>Focused social and emotional support groups scheduled including social skills, creative therapy and sports and play activities</p> <p>Masterclasses and careers visits for most able disadvantaged pupils</p> <p>Rewards used to recognise good progress and ATL</p>				
<p>C Disadvantaged Pupils are well organised and equipped and utilise extracurricular and enrichment activities</p>	<p>Homework club provided after school</p> <p>Clear signposts to revision sessions and study clubs</p> <p>Revision planners provided to support organisation</p>	<p>EEF toolkit identifies extra curricular activities as a successful strategy for increased achievement. (2 months impact) and Homework (5 months)</p>	<p>Weekly meeting with coach and MO to discuss individual pupils</p> <p>Analysis of uptake of extra curricular</p>	<p>MO HJ?</p>	<p>February 2018</p>

to enhance their learning	Revision pack given to all disadvantaged pupils Revision guides given to all disadvantaged pupils Financial support provided for subject enhancement visits Financial support for equipment/ ingredients/ uniform/ resources Masterclasses and careers visits for most able disadvantaged pupils 6 th form holiday access to study area	Staff identify poor organisation as a barrier to learning for disadvantaged pupils (equipment/ homework)	activities and revision by extended schools coordinator Coaches to liaise with HoDs to ensure all revision guides are current and distributed Coach meeting to signpost revision and evaluate the effectiveness of revision (pupil perception)		
Total budgeted cost					£15,000

Estimated cost summary – 2018-19

Number of PP pupils	Number of PP who also have SEN/Inc	Number of PP who have High Prior Attainment	Number of PP who also have EAL
Year 7 : 55	6/	Tbc	2
Year 8: 49	9/2	8	3
Year 9: 48	5/10	12	3
Year 10: 51	5/6	8	4
Year 11: 41	1/6	5	3

Expenditure 2018-19	
Quality of Teaching for all	
T&L Quality assurance strategies (inc Sefton bought in services)	£3000
Teaching and Learning team (Metacognition, feedback focus)	£6,600
CPD costs	£5,000
Total	£14,600
Targeted support	
Intervention staffing/ SLE/ Director of Maths	£40000
Reward costs	£2500
Pastoral support/ EWO support	£30000
Literacy support and intervention	£35000

Numeracy support and intervention	£3000
Staffing costs (Coaches, mentors, TAs, Learning champion)	£75000
SEN/ Hub resources	£500
Sefton support/ SEN SLAs (Ed Psych/ EAL/ OSSME)	£12000
One to one tuition/ curriculum bought in services/ counselling	£5000
Equipment/ resources/ revision materials/ catering	£5000
Total	£208,000
Other approaches	
Raising aspirations strategies/ Careers SLA	£6000
Study support (homework club, Elevate, holiday access)	£7000
Trips/ visits/ transport	£1000
ICT Learning resources	£1000
Total	£15,000
Total Cost of Intervention	£237,600
Pupil Premium Funding	£221,580

6. Review of expenditure				
Previous Academic Year		2017-18		
i. Quality of teaching for all				
Desired outcome	Chosen action / approach	Estimated impact: Did you meet the success criteria? Include impact on pupils not eligible for PP, if appropriate.	Lessons learned (and whether you will continue with this approach)	Cost
A High levels of progress of disadvantaged pupils by developing high quality teaching and learning strategies	<p>Improved feedback in lessons</p> <p>Greater use of collaborative learning and peer to peer learning strategies</p> <p>Use of seating plans to enhance learning</p> <p>Greater use of meta cognition, problem solving and independent learning strategies</p> <p>New scheme of work for Learn2 Learn guidance lessons</p> <p>Use of study skills seminars to support independent learning</p> <p>Support from external agencies to develop best practice</p>	<p><u>Year 11</u></p> <p>The % of pupils achieving 4+ in English and Maths has increased from 34% (2017) to 41% (2018)</p> <p>The % of pupils achieving 5+ in English and Maths has increased from 20% (2017) to 25% (2018)</p> <p>The % of pupils achieving 4+/5+ in Maths has increased from 39%/23% (2017) to 44%/25%</p> <p>The % of pupils achieving 5+ in English has increased from 39% to 44%</p> <p>The gap in % of pupils achieving 4+ En and Ma between our PP pupils and their peers has closed from 32 (2017) to 21 (2018) and 5+ 21 (2017) to 10.8 (2018)</p> <p><u>Year 7 progress</u></p> <p>PP pupils are making good progress (% on or above target) in English, French, Geography, History, Science and Spanish.</p> <p>% of PP pupils on or above target in Maths (61.2% 15 pupils) and RE (67.3% 16 pupils) is less than expected</p> <p><u>Year 8 progress</u></p>	<p>Successful- will continue to develop feedback, linked to our whole school priority</p> <p>Greater evidence during lesson observations of collaborative learning, metacognition, problem solving and independent learning especially in Maths</p> <p>Reduction in class size has less impact and is costly- no correlation between class size and achievement</p> <p>Support from Sefton LA consultant very effective in developing feedback, assessment and curriculum planning- clear action plans implemented effectively for every subject</p>	

	<p>Reduction in class size to increase teacher contact time with pupils</p> <p>Appointment of Learning champion to support pupils underachieving</p>	<p>% off PP pupils on and above target in Year 8 is good (79.3%) compared to all (80.1%)</p> <p>PP pupils are making good progress (% on or above target) in English, French, Geography, Spanish, Science and History</p> <p>% of pupils on or above target in Maths (63.4% 15 pupils) is less than expected</p> <p><u>Year 9 progress</u></p> <p>There has been a dip in progress of PP pupils (and all pupils) which requires further investigation as approximately 35% of PP pupils are below target at the end of Year 9 compared to interim assessments (drop of 15%).</p> <p>PP pupils are making good progress in English and French (70% +)</p> <p>% of PP pupils on or above target in Maths, History, RE and Spanish is less than expected.</p> <p><u>Year 10 progress</u></p> <p>Predictions-</p> <p>% of PP pupils achieving 4+ in English and Maths is 54.3 % and significantly higher than previous 2 years</p> <p>% of PP pupils achieving 4+ in English is 59% and higher than previous 2 years</p> <p>% of PP pupils achieving 4+/5+ in Maths is 57%/35% and significantly higher than previous 2 years</p> <p>Attainment 8 36.93, and Progress 8 -0.52 predictions are higher than 2018</p> <p>% of pupils on or above target in Geography, History, Mathematics, RE and Science is less than expected</p>	<p>Learning champion very effective in supporting at risk Year 11 pupils- 100% attendance to exams showing greater engagement and motivation</p> <p><u>Further development</u></p> <p>Forensic analysis and higher priority given to KS3 data after every assessment cycle, especially in Maths and of High ability pupils</p>	
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<p>A. Developing clear identification and monitoring strategies to ensure high levels of progress of disadvantaged pupils</p>	<p>Development of Pupil Profile in Pluto for all staff to use Use of assessment cycle analysis to identify individual pupils and barriers to learning Use of form tutors to support individual pupils Focus of Progress 8 meetings Use of seating plans to enhance learning</p>	<p>The % of pupils achieving 4+ in English and Maths has increased from 34% (2017) to 41% (2018) The % of pupils achieving 5+ in English and Maths has increased from 20% (2017) to 25% (2018) The % of pupils achieving 4+/5+ in Maths has increased from 39%/23% (2017) to 44%/25% The % of pupils achieving 5+ in English has increased from 39% to 44% The gap in % of pupils achieving 4+ En and Ma between our PP pupils and their peers has closed from 32 (2017) to 21 (2018) and 5+ 21 (2017) to 10.8 (2018) <u>Year 7 progress</u> PP pupils are making good progress (% on or above target) in English, French, Geography, History, Science and Spanish. % of PP pupils on or above target in Maths (61.2% 15 pupils) and RE (67.3% 16 pupils) is less than expected <u>Year 8 progress</u> % off PP pupils on and above target in Year 8 is good (79.3%) compared to all (80.1%) PP pupils are making good progress (% on or above target) in English, French, Geography, Spanish, Science and History % of pupils on or above target in Maths (63.4% 15 pupils) is less than expected <u>Year 9 progress</u> There has been a dip in progress of PP pupils (and all pupils) which requires further</p>	<p>Very successful- all staff can identify PP pupils and seating plans are created to enhance learning Pupil profiles allow dialogue between Coaches and teaching staff and allow individual needs, aspirations and perceived barriers to identified</p> <p><u>Further development</u> Some modification needed for Assessment cycle analysis format and the monitoring of completion and impact More effective use of ACAs by academic coaches Progress 8 meetings to be modified to become subject review weeks to allow greater analysis of data by subject and by year group</p>	
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		<p>investigation as approximately 35% of PP pupils are below target at the end of Year 9 compared to interim assessments (drop of 15%).</p> <p>PP pupils are making good progress in English and French (70% +)</p> <p>% of PP pupils on or above target in Maths, History, RE and Spanish is less than expected</p> <p><u>Year 10 progress</u></p> <p>Predictions-</p> <p>% of PP pupils achieving 4+ in English and Maths is 54.3 % and significantly higher than previous 2 years</p> <p>% of PP pupils achieving 4+ in English is 59% and higher than previous 2 years</p> <p>% of PP pupils achieving 4+/5+ in Maths is 57%/35% and significantly higher than previous 2 years</p> <p>Attainment 8 36.93, and Progress 8 -0.52</p> <p>predictions are higher than 2018</p> <p>% of pupils on or above target in Geography, History, Mathematics, RE and Science is less than expected</p>		
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<p>A. Improved Literacy progress in Key Stage 3</p>	<p>CPD for all staff delivering Accelerated Reader Change in curriculum plan to deliver Accelerated Reader Use of key skills classes to identify and address gaps Development and implementation of a Summer school for disadvantaged pupils with focus on literacy and numeracy</p>	<p>Year 7 accelerated reader (44 pupils)- PP pupils average increase by 9.6 months (Year group av 8.1 months) with a projection of 8.9 month Year 8 accelerated reader (49 pupils)- PP pupils average increase by 10 months (year group av 8 months) Year 9 Access/ Rapid Plus (target group)- 27months progress over 3 year period (expected progress 23 months)</p>	<p>Successful- use of accelerated reader system and Rapid Plus to enhance literacy skills</p> <p><u>Further development</u> Academic coaches to support Rapid Plus system to create additional capacity Summer school to be organised for summer 2019. Best practice sought from local schools (Chesterfield, Greenbank)</p>	
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ii. Targeted support

Desired outcome	Chosen action / approach	Estimated impact: Did you meet the success criteria? Include impact on pupils not eligible for PP, if appropriate.	Lessons learned (and whether you will continue with this approach)	Cost
<p>A. Improved literacy and numeracy levels of disadvantaged pupils</p>	<p>Reading recovery programme, Symphony and Rapid Plus implemented for pupils in Key Stage 3 1 to 1 Literacy support for targeted pupils 1 to 1 EAL support for targeted pupils Lexia reading and spelling programme used for targeted pupils Implementation of PiXL CODE Phonics and Reading programme for SEN pupils Additional assessments completed by Sefton Inclusion consultant 1 to 1 tuition in English and Maths for KS4 pupils Use of key skills lessons to address gaps</p>	<p>Year 7 accelerated reader (44 pupils)- PP pupils average increase by 9.6 months (Year group av 8.1 months) with a projection of 8.9 month Year 8 accelerated reader (49 pupils)- PP pupils average increase by 10 months (year group av 8 months) Year 9 Access/ Rapid Plus (target group)- 27 months progress over 3 year period (expected progress 23 months)</p> <p>Symphony/ numeracy programme- Year 7</p>	<p>Successful Accelerated reader programme for all PP pupils 1 to 1 tuition for targeted pupils although need to start earlier in academic year Use of symphony in key skills lessons</p> <p><u>Further development</u> Implementation of Symphony earlier in the year (staff absence delayed start)</p>	

		<p>64% of PP pupils met or exceeded target in Maths Year 8 7 pupils – 60% of pupils met or exceeded target in Maths (Symphony programme) Year 9 67% of pupils met or exceeded their targets (Symphony programme) Year 10 85% of PP pupils who used Symphony are on target Year 11 93% of the cohort using Symphony achieved a grade with 75% of PP pupils achieving or exceeding their target</p>		
<p>A. Improved outcomes for disadvantaged pupils in English and Mathematics</p>	<p>Intervention classes timetabled for targeted pupils in Key Stage 4 in English and Mathematics Curriculum modification for pupils who are underachieving SEN support and Core support option for KS4 pupils Timetabled key skills classes for targeted pupils with specific focus on Numeracy and Literacy Intervention classes timetabled in English and Mathematics for Year 9 pupils in summer term</p>	<p>Key Stage 4 progress The % of pupils achieving 4+ in English and Maths has increased from 34% (2017) to 41% (2018) The % of pupils achieving 5+ in English and Maths has increased from 20% (2017) to 25% (2018) The % of pupils achieving 4+/5+ in Maths has increased from 39%/23% (2017) to 44%/25% The % of pupils achieving 5+ in English has increased from 39% to 44% The gap in % of pupils achieving 4+ En and Ma between our PP pupils and their peers has closed from 32 (2017) to 21 (2018) and 5+ 21 (2017) to 10.8 (2018) Key Stage 3 progress <u>Year 7</u></p>	<p>Successful- Curriculum modifications for targeted pupils Some success with timetabled intervention classes although these lessons need careful planning and personalised learning plans for pupils</p> <p><u>Further development</u> Focus of academic coaches to be English and Maths- greater communication with individual teachers</p>	

		<p>PP pupils are making good progress (82% on or above target) in English 64% of pupils are on or above target in Maths- 15 pupils require further intervention/support <u>Year 8</u> PP pupils are making good progress (80% on or above target) in English 63.4% of pupils are on or above target in Maths- 15 pupils require further intervention/support <u>Year 9</u> PP pupils are making good progress (75% on or above target) in English 45% of pupils are on or above target in Maths- 28 pupils require further intervention/support <u>Year 10 progress</u> Predictions- % of PP pupils achieving 4+ in English and Maths is 54.3 % and significantly higher than previous 2 years % of PP pupils achieving 4+ in English is 59% and higher than previous 2 years % of PP pupils achieving 4+/5+ in Maths is 57%/35% and significantly higher than previous 2 years Attainment 8 36.93, and Progress 8 -0.52 predictions are higher than 2018 % of pupils on or above target in Geography, History, Mathematics, RE and Science is less than expected</p>	<p>Use of 6th form mentors to support Year 7 and 8 pupils Monitoring of ACAs for impact and completion</p>	
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<p>Increased attendance rates and reduce persistent absences for PP pupils</p>	<p>Restructure pastoral support team to create a dedicated attendance officer Employ EWO for 3 days a week Home visits for targeted pupils First day response provision Support non teacher to specifically monitor and support disadvantaged pupils attendance and PA Non teacher to develop stronger links with parents and aim to reduce barriers of those hard to reach Fortnightly meetings with key staff (attendance officer, SLT, support lead, academic coaches) Rewards used for motivation Curriculum modification to support some pupils to attend.</p>	<p>Reduce the number of PA among PP pupils 2016 31.2% 2017 27.1% 2018 29%</p> <p>Improve attendance rates for PP pupils to be in line with “other” pupils. Attendance of PP pupils has increased from 91.5% to 92.3%</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="860 357 1487 609"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Autumn 2017</th> <th>April 2018</th> <th>July 2018</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Year 7</td> <td>93.15%</td> <td>94%</td> <td>94.1%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Year 8</td> <td>92.79%</td> <td>93%</td> <td>93%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Year 9</td> <td>92.45%</td> <td>92.8%</td> <td>92.6%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Year 10</td> <td>87.19%</td> <td>90.8%</td> <td>90.5%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Year 11</td> <td>88.56%</td> <td>89.7%</td> <td>93.1%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Autumn 2017	April 2018	July 2018	Year 7	93.15%	94%	94.1%	Year 8	92.79%	93%	93%	Year 9	92.45%	92.8%	92.6%	Year 10	87.19%	90.8%	90.5%	Year 11	88.56%	89.7%	93.1%	<p>Successful- First day contact procedures New Examination protocols with attendance team- 100% attendance in summer examination</p> <p>Fortnightly meetings too frequent – reduced to monthly</p> <p>Further development Parental engagement Rewards for attendance Strategies to reduce PA</p>
	Autumn 2017	April 2018	July 2018																								
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<p>C Disadvantaged Pupils are well organised and equipped and utilise extracurricular and enrichment activities to enhance their learning</p>	<p>Academic coaching for targeted pupils at KS4 Mentoring for targeted pupils at KS3 and KS4 SLT mentoring for targeted pupils Use of teachers to mentor/ coach/ support targeted pupils at KS3 Use of Sixth form pupils to support targeted pupils with reading and Maths Support from form tutors and pastoral team to organise targeted pupils</p>	<p>See above for subject progress</p> <p>Average Independent Learning scores improved from 4.78 (A2) to 4.81 (A3) Significant Year group 11 improved from 4.34 to 4.82 Year 8 and 9 roughly stayed the same Year 7 and 10 slight dip</p>	<p>Successful- pupils are well equipped and well resourced due to daily meeting with form tutor or Hub team SLT mentoring effective with some pupils- some careful consideration is needed of pupils to be mentored 2018</p> <p>Further development Use of 6th form pupils to mentor Year 7 and 8</p>
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<p>iii. Other approaches</p>				
<p>Desired outcome</p>	<p>Chosen action / approach</p>	<p>Estimated impact: Did you meet the success criteria? Include impact on pupils not eligible for PP, if appropriate.</p>	<p>Lessons learned (and whether you will continue with this approach)</p>	<p>Cost</p>

<p>B Increase in pupil engagement and attitude to learning</p>	<p>Development of new behaviour code of conduct Modification of new rewards and sanctions system Launch of Pixl Edge Rewards for participation in revision Use of Maximising Potential to raise aspirations in Year 11 Use of Unlocking Potential programme to raise aspiration of targeted group Use of Unifrog and external agencies to support careers provision Careers advisor to prioritise disadvantaged pupils and support from an early age Focused social and emotional support groups scheduled including social skills, creative therapy and sports and play activities Masterclasses and careers visits for most able disadvantaged pupils</p>	<p>ATL average scores have generally stayed the same over the year Year 11 significant increase in Attitude to Learning scores 4.73 to 5.15 Year 10 slight dip from 4.99 to 4.73</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="857 292 1487 544"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Autumn 2017</th> <th>April 2018</th> <th>July 2018</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Year 7</td> <td>93.15%</td> <td>94%</td> <td>94.1%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Year 8</td> <td>92.79%</td> <td>93%</td> <td>93%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Year 9</td> <td>92.45%</td> <td>92.8%</td> <td>92.6%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Year 10</td> <td>87.19%</td> <td>90.8%</td> <td>90.5%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Year 11</td> <td>88.56%</td> <td>89.7%</td> <td>93.1%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>PP pupils attendance has improved in every year group over the year</p> <p>See above for subject progress</p>		Autumn 2017	April 2018	July 2018	Year 7	93.15%	94%	94.1%	Year 8	92.79%	93%	93%	Year 9	92.45%	92.8%	92.6%	Year 10	87.19%	90.8%	90.5%	Year 11	88.56%	89.7%	93.1%	<p>Successful- 100% positive pupil feedback about Maximising potential and Dare to Aspire Masterclasses and college/ university days for more able pupils</p> <p>Further development Launch of Pixl Edge Review of rewards system Reward lunches for those making good progress Messages home to reward good work/ progress</p>	
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<p>C Disadvantaged Pupils are well organised and equipped and utilise extracurricular and enrichment activities to enhance their learning</p>	<p>Homework club provided after school Clear signposts to revision sessions and study clubs Revision planners provided to support organisation Revision pack given to all disadvantaged pupils Revision guides given to all disadvantaged pupils Financial support provided for subject enhancement visits Financial support for equipment/ ingredients/ uniform/ resources Masterclasses and careers visits for most able disadvantaged pupils 6th form holiday access to study area</p>	<p>See above for subject progress</p> <p>Average Independent Learning scores improved from 4.78 (A2) to 4.81 (A3) Significant Year group 11 improved from 4.34 to 4.82 Year 8 and 9 roughly stayed the same Year 7 and 10 slight dip</p>	<p>Successful- Use of form tutors and hub to support organisation of individual pupils Revision packs and guides distributed to all pupils by academic coaches</p> <p>Further development Character education to highlight importance of organisation, independence and commitment Audit of pupils taking part in extra curricular activities</p>																									

			Rewards for leadership and organisation	
Review of Expenditure 2017-18				
Quality of Teaching for all				
T&L Quality assurance strategies (A Grilli Sefton LA support paid for by Sefton, review of assessment and feedback)		Nil		
Teaching and Learning team		£6,600		
S2S Meols Cop Coastal School Alliance/ Research schools network training		Grant secured no cost		
CPD costs (Pixl, Maths, Research schools network, coaching)		£4,348		
Total		£10,948.00		
Targeted support				
Intervention staffing (English and Maths/ SLE Maths)		£55,406.00		
Reward costs		£2,457		
Pastoral support/ EWO support		£28,590.45		
Literacy support and intervention (incl AR, packs and resources)		£38,458.87		
Numeracy support and intervention (incl Symphony)		£2741		
Staffing costs (Coaches, mentors, TAs- EAL, Literacy, Learning champion/ progress Year 11/10)		£79,288.05		

SEN/ Hub resources (Literacy and Numeracy)	£351.68
Sefton support/ SEN SLAs (Ed Psych/ EAL/ OSSME)	£11,740.70
One to one tuition/ curriculum bought in services/ counselling	£4,407.00
Equipment/ resources/ revision materials/ catering	£6,843.68
Total	£230,284.43
Other approaches	
Raising aspirations strategies/ Careers SLA	£6,385
Study support (homework club, Elevate, holiday access)	£7815.90
Trips/ visits/ transport	£711.17
ICT Learning resources	£1,083.86
Total	£15,995.93
Total Cost of Intervention	£257,228.36
Pupil Premium Funding	£230, 875

7. Additional detail

- In this section you can annex or refer to **additional** information which you have used to inform the statement above.

